BOCA DE

E-book de atividades de Língua Inglesa

Erika Suellem Castro da Silva (Org.) Grupo de Estudos de Professores de Línguas do Pará - GEPLIPA



2024









COLABORAÇÃO: GRUPO DE ESTUDOS DE PROFESSORES DE LÍNGUAS DO PARÁ-GEPLIPA

BOCA DE LOBO - E-BOOK DE ATIVIDADES DE LÍNGUA INGLESA

> E DITORA DOS AUTORES 1ª E DIÇÃO B E L É M - P A R Á 2024













Dados Internacionais de Catalogação na Publicação (CIP) (Câmara Brasileira do Livro, SP, Brasil)

Boca de lobo [livro eletrônico] : e-book de atividades de língua inglesa / organização Erika Suellem Castro da Silva. -- 1. ed. --Belém, PA : Ed. dos Autores, 2024. PDF Vários autores. ISBN 978-65-01-19769-2 1. Língua inglesa - Estudo e ensino I. Silva, Erika Suellem Castro da. 24-234271 CDD-420.7

Índices para catálogo sistemático:

1. Língua inglesa : Estudo e ensino 420.7 Aline Graziele Benitez - Bibliotecária - CRB-1/3129







Erika Suellem Castro da Silva



A





ssumir a interdisciplinaridade na sala de aula de língua inglesa faz parte de uma educação linguística ampliada (Cavalcanti, 2013), que vai além das barreiras metodológicas limitadas a uma visão meramente estruturalista da língua-alvo, ou, ainda, ideologicamente euro-eua-centradas (Walsh, 2010). Quando abraçamos a perspectiva interdisciplinar e intercultural, certamente abrimos espaço para a riqueza de contextos diversos e para o nosso lugar no mundo.

O projeto "Boca de Lobo - E-book de atividades de Língua Inglesa" nasce neste campo interdisciplinar, considerando a representatividade paraense, adotando a decolonialidade como possibilidade de ressignificação de nossa docência (Borelli et al., 2020), no sentido de refletir e agir a partir do local para o global, emergindo de sessões reflexivas com estagiários do terceiro ano do Curso de Licenciatura em Língua Inglesa da Universidade do Estado do Pará – UEPA, em uma parceria profícua entre docentes e discentes membros do Grupo de Estudos de Professores de Línguas do Pará (GEPLIPA/UEPA/CNPq)*.



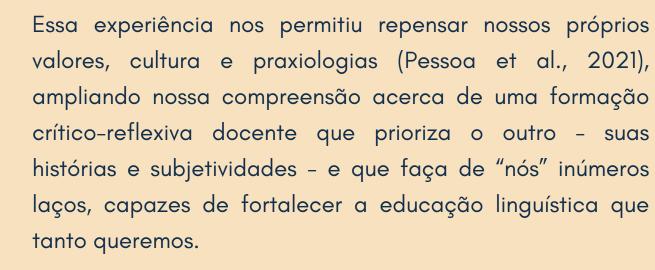








B



A estratégia de encurtar os punhos de uma rede,

adaptando o utensílio de descanso em espaços onde se

pretende armá-la, é chamada por paraenses de "boca de

lobo". O título "Boca de Lobo" surge então nas conversas

entre docente orientadora e discentes, como uma analogia

à adaptabilidade da língua inglesa à nossa realidade

regional. Além disso, a praticidade que o nó "boca de lobo"

dá à rede é, semelhantemente, a mesma que tentamos

apresentar nesta proposta, como forma de sugestão ou de

material complementar, sem pretender, jamais, substituir os

planos de aulas de nossos colegas.

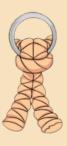


*espelho do grupo no diretório do CNPq: http://dgp.cnpq.br/dgp/espelhogrupo/803658











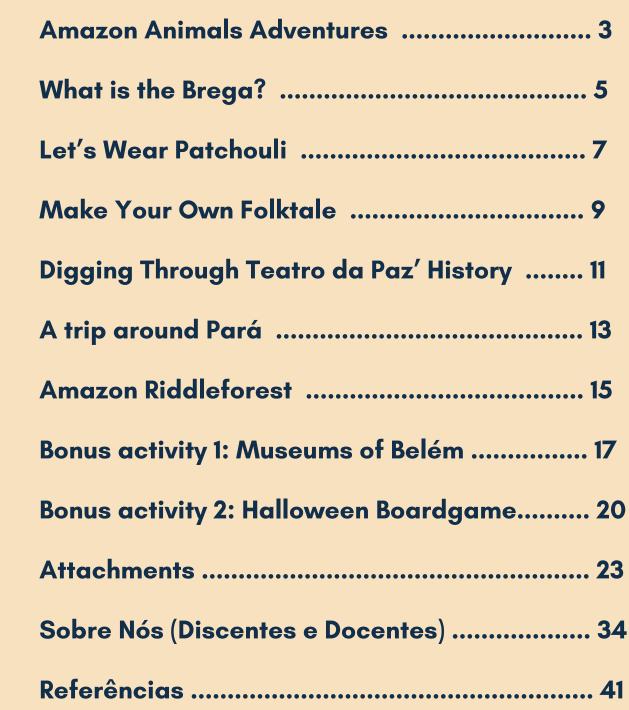
Art Through Amazon Eyes1





















1 - Art Through Amazon Eyes

Adrielly Almeida

(**EFO8LI18**) Construir repertório cultural por meio do contato com manifestações artístico-culturais vinculadas à língua inglesa (artes plásticas e visuais, literatura, música, cinema, dança, festividades, entre outros), valorizando a diversidade entre culturas.

>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public: 7th/8th grade Students. Age: 12-14 years old.

BNCC

Materials: computer, projector or TV, A3 paper, gouache paint, brushes, colored pencils, markers, paper sheets, adhesive tape.

>>> ESTIMATED DURATION

3 classes of 50 minutes.

>>>> PROCEDURES

1st step: discovery

You can visit the Laurimar Leal Virtual Museum of the Amazon website (<u>www.museudaamazonialaurimarleal.com</u>) and present the pieces of art and their labels to the students.

In this opportunity, you will explain some shapes and symbolism in marajoara art. Tell students they will create an artwork based on what they are observing. They can note which visual elements inspire them.

2nd step: creation

It's time for students to create their own artwork inspired by the pieces they observed. They will also create the label for their artwork in English. Make sure students are creatively engaged and help them revise their descriptions before they finalize them.

3rd step: exhibition

Students organize their artwork as if they were setting up an art gallery. Each student, or group, presents their artwork, describing it in English to the class. They can talk about the label and the meaning behind the piece.









1 - Art Through Amazon Eyes

>>> SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- If you can't access the Virtual Museum website, print images in black and white or color (when possible) of Amazon art that can easily be found on the website itself, and also online or in books. You can also try using artworks by artists from your own city.
- In large classrooms, you can divide the class into smaller groups to create a more organized environment.
- Assigning specific roles within groups, such as the lead artist student, the responsible for the art label, and the presentation leader, can be also a good adaptation in a large class.
- If the time is limited, you may want to consider rotate the activities: while one group works on the art creation, another can work on researching and writing the art label.

AR CODES

Scan this QR code to access the <u>Laurimar Leal</u> <u>Virtual Museum of the</u> <u>Amazon</u> website.

template idea.

See attachment on page 17

Scan this QR code to have access to a <u>label</u>













2 - Amazon Animal Adventures



Adrielly Almeida and Matheus Magno

(EFO6LI15) Produzir textos escritos em língua inglesa (histórias em quadrinhos, cartazes, chats, blogues, agendas, fotolegendas, entre outros), sobre si mesmo, sua família, seus amigos, gostos, preferências e rotinas, sua comunidade e seu contexto escolar.

TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public: 5th/7th grade students. Age: 9-12 years old.

BNCC

Materials: Colored pencils, markers, animal picture cards (optional)

>>> ESTIMATED DURATION

2 classes of 50 minutes.

>>>> PROCEDURES



1st step: the animals

The teacher can present the topic of comic strip by showing real comics (ex.: turma da Mônica, Mafalda).

Then, teacher present images of Amazon animals (jaguar, pink river dolphin, parrot, anteater) and their natural habitat. Say the names in English and ask students to repeat. Then, teach simple sentences like: "The jaguar is fast" and "The parrot is colorful".



2nd step: creation

Then, students choose an Amazon animal to be the main character of their comic strip. In the first panel, students draw the animal and write a short sentence describing it.

Let students free to create the other panels, exploring the animals' habitats and characteristics.



3rd step: presentation

In the end, teacher can help the students revise their texts. Then, ask some of them to present their comic strips to the class by reading the sentences in English and showing their drawings.







2 - Amazon Animal Adventure



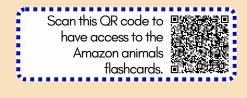


SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

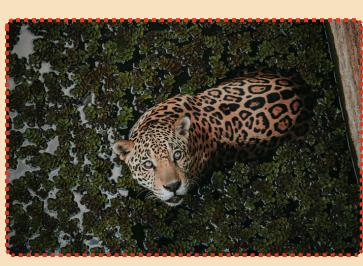
- If you predict it will be too difficult for students to create a whole comic strip from scratch, you can previously define what information each panel is supposed to contain.
- You can also offer simple pre-filled sentences for students to complete by filling in the animal's name or action (e.g., "The ___ lives in the forest").
- Distribute cards with the names and pictures of Amazon animals to help students remember how to write and draw their characters.
- Before creating the comic strip, students can participate in a matching activity, linking animal pictures with their names in English.

>>>> QR CODES

Scan this QR code to have access to a <u>comic</u> <u>strip template idea</u>. 🖷



See attachments on pages 24-26











3- What is the brega?

BNCC

Yasmin Marques

(EF08LI18) Construir repertório cultural por meio do contato com manifestações artístico-culturais vinculadas à língua inglesa (artes plásticas e visuais, literatura, música, cinema, dança, festividades, entre outros), valorizando a diversidade entre culturas.

>>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

	Materials: Technological device connected to the internet and speaker (optional).	Y
Age: 13-14 years old.		Dime





INFORMATED DURATION

2 classes of 50 minutes.

PROCEDURES

1st step:

Divide the class in groups and present some songs in English. Then, the students need to find out what is the "technobrega" version, in Portuguese. The group also needs to inform who is the singer.



2nd step:

Write the name of the artist from the original version on the blackboard.



3rd step:

As a homework assignment, students must choose one pair of artists from the provided list and do a research, then create a board with these biographical information and share it with the whole class.









3 - What is the brega?







SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- It may be helpful to encourage students to listen to both the original English song and its technobrega version, to better understand how the musical style and lyrics have been adapted.
- Requesting the students to brainstorm other English songs that could have a potential technobrega adaptation is another way to engage the class.
- If needed, make use of the online music platform linked in the QR Code to help students find examples of technobrega versions of popular songs, as well as more information about the genre.



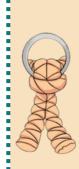
Scan these QR code to have access to an additional content.

<u> Playllist – What is the brega? – Acesse aqui</u>











6

4- Let's Wear Patchouli

Talita Lopes

>>>> BNCC

(EF08LI12) Construir repertório lexical relativo a planos, previsões e expectativas para o futuro.

>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public: Students of the 8th grade. Age: 13-14 years old.

.

Materials:

"Banho de Cheiro" (optional) Cardboard, colored pens, images

>>> ESTIMATED DURATION

3 classes of 50 minutes.

PROCEDURES

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1	- E	

1st step:

Present some "Banhos de Cheiro" typical from Pará. Then, explain some meanings and characteristics of some herbs.



2nd step:

Review the "Future Tense" and explain how we apply this verb tense when we talk about expectations and wishes.

3rd step:

Finally, as a homework assignment, tell to students bring their "perfect banho de cheiro" in order to present about their expectations for the future or what they wish for their lives. Ex: Money, health, peace, love









4- Let's Wear Patchouli





>>> SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

If it is not possible to bring the "Real" Banho de Cheiro to present in class, students can talk to some people around them, collect information, and bring it on a cardboard as images, drawings or paintings.

In the third step, you can adapt and bring a jar where students can put small pieces of paper with the names of some herbs chosen by them in order to explain their wishes.

In order to help you, here you can see a list of herbs used in our "Banho de Cheiro"

- **Rosemary (alecrim):** ideal para despertar felicidade, afastar a negatividade e abrir caminhos, além de combater o estresse, também atrai prosperidade, bons clientes e negócios.
- **Rue (arruda):** indicada para combater energias negativas, mal olhado e dar proteção.
- Lavender (lavanda): auxilia no relaxamento, recomenda-se para momentos de estresse e tensão.
- **Chamomile** (camomila): restaura forças, tranquiliza, acalma, recomendada para combate a insônia.
- Dumb cane (comigo-ninguém-pode): bloqueia energias negativas.
- Mother-in-law's tongue (espada-de-são-jorge): bloqueia energias negativas e duvidosas, trás segurança.
- Basil (manjeiricão): purifica, atrai paz, alegria e felicidade,
- Rose (rosa): poderosa para atrair o amor.





5 - Make Your Own Folktale



BNCC

Mateus Luan and Walquiria Silva



(**EFO8LI18**) Construir repertório cultural por meio do contato com manifestações artístico-culturais vinculadas à língua inglesa (artes plásticas e visuais, literatura, música, cinema, dança, festividades, entre outros), valorizando a diversidade entre culturas.

TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS



Age: 12-14 years old.

7th/8th grade Students.

Materials: computer, projector or TV, A3 paper, colored pencils, markers, paper sheets.



STIMATED DURATION

3 classes of 50 minutes.

>>>> PROCEDURES

Target Public:



1st step: discovery

Teacher may explain to the students about the folktales and how it is present around Brazil. Some exemples like: Boitatá, Boto-cor-de-rosa, lara and Saci-Pererê.

Teacher might compare the cultural aspects of Cosme e Damião and Halloween and ask the students if the two dates have something in common. (e.g. giving candy to kids).



Teacher can give a brief review about adjectives and how its presented when we want to give characteristics for something/someone.

Teacher might use the folktale presented in the last step, where the students will have to describe it like its name, place of origin, characteristics and what it does.



3rd step: creation and presentation

The student may create their own folktale - they need to write the folktale's name, place of origin, characteristics etc. After that, they will present it to their classmates.







5 - Make Your Own Folktale





- You can simplify the activity by asking your students to use existent folktale and filling the sheet with the information that the student found about it.
- If you prefer, instead of using folktales, you can substitute for urban legends or "visagens". We suggest using the book Visagens e Assombrações de Belém to search for more about it.
- In the case of large classrooms, you can divide the class into smaller groups to create a more organized environment, where the students will have to colaborate with each other in order to creater their own myth/folktale/urban lengend.

AR CODES

Template idea for
the activity.Image: Constraint of the second s









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6 - Digging through Teatro da Paz' History



BNCC

Carlos Daniel and Victor Pinto

(EF07LI05) Compor em lingua inglesa, narrativas orais sobre fatos, acontecimentos e personalidades marcantes do passado

TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public:

7th/8th grade Students.

Age: 12-14 years old.

Materials: Cardboard, colored pencil, glue, scissors.



ESTIMATED DURATION

3 classes of 50 minutes.



1st step: discovery

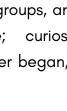
The teacher can start by talking about the Teatro da Paz: its architecture, how it began, how it works today, and the different types of presentations that happen there.



2nd step: review

Here, the students should be divided into 5 groups, and each group theme/topic (architecture; will have a curiosities; history; plays/concerts; how the history of the theater began, and how it is nowadays)









3rd step: creation and presentation

In the end, with the teacher's help, each group will plan and create a presentation by drawing their respective topics/themes and bringing up 3 to 5 points about them.



6 - Digging through Teatro da Paz' History







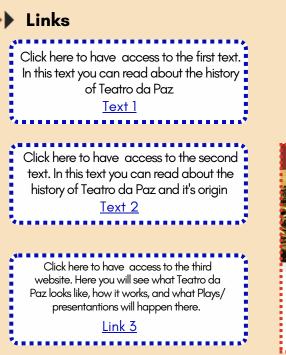


>>> SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- You may choose one of the texts to contextualize the theater's history at the beginning of the class
- The teacher can use one class to talk about the Theater and give a homework to the students research the origin and their respective topics of the activity.
- The english teacher can work with the History teacher in an interdisciplinary class.



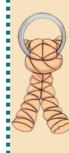








C) Theretes de Part foi Londois en 15 de la berevine de 1928, denoires a pariedad nome de Ciclo da Bornhol. Se esta de la construcción de montel esta de la construcción de montel esta de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construden esta de la construcción de la cons







12

Fabricio Leonam and Susane Pinheiro



>>>> BNCC

(EFO6LIO4) Construir repertório lexical relativo a temas familiares (escola, família, rotina diária, atividades de lazer, esportes, entre outros).

TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public: 6th grade Students. Age: 11-12 years old.

Materials: Computer, projector or TV, colored cardboards, colored pencils.



>>> ESTIMATED DURATION

2 classes of 50 minutes.

>>>> PROCEDURES



1st step

Teacher will start presenting the types of boats there are around Pará. Then, teacher will talk to the students, asking them if they know the boats, if they take them to travel and to where they go. (e.g: Popopô, big boat).



2nd step

So, teacher will present cities around the countryside of Pará, what may happen during the trip to those places and the type of activities they can do there. (e.g.: You may feel nausea, you may see ribeirinhos and local sellers). Teacher will ask the class if they usually travel around the state and what they usually do if so.



3rd step

Lastly, teacher will sort a city for each group and ask students to make a research about those places using WH Questions: How to get there, which boat to take, what we can feel or experience during the trip and what they can do in the city.







7 - A Trip Around Pará



SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- It may be helpful to advice the students to interview their parents, relatives and neighbors in order to discover information about the countryside of Pará, if they need to.
- Requesting the students to create another questions following the structure of the examples is another way to engage the class.
- If needed, make use of the website in QR Code to help students pick a place, the website shows different aspects of 11 cities around Pará.
- Remember to make a copy of the Complementary Slideshow, if you decide to use it in the class, in order to be free to adapt the content as you need.
- You may find it helpful to align your activity with the Geography class. Try to coordinate with the teacher to elaborate an interdisciplinary class.

>>> QR Codes and Links

Scan these QR code to have access to an additional content.



Click here to see a <u>Complementary Slideshow</u> where you can see the types of boats, cities of Pará state and activities to do in those places. Click here to read an article called <u>Cities of Pará: 11</u> <u>destinations worthy the visit.</u> It brings information about their gastronomy, culture and more. Cidades do Pará: 11 destinos que valem a visita!

A TRIP AROUND PARÁ







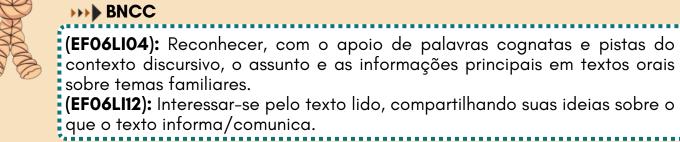




14

8 - Amazon Riddleforest





>>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS

Target Public:

6th grade Students. Age:

11-12 years old.

Materials: Amazon Riddleforest's rules, cards and make your own cards



ESTIMATED DURATION

classes of 45 minutes.



PROCEDURES



First, you should give a class about some animals, including where they live, how they look, what they eat, interesting facts, and their daily routines, to familiarize the kids with the vocabulary.



2nd step

Then, introduce the game and explain its rules to the class (refer to the Amazon Riddleforest rules and cards) after that play the game with the students.





To conclude, you can either have students reflect on the activity, or let them create their own cards (refer to Amazon Riddleforest: make your own cards) and play again. This option lets them be creative and express their own views on our animals.





8 - Amazon Riddleforest





SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- Customize the game to fit your needs. Feel free to add, remove, or change anything.
- In the variation 'make your own cards', the groups will create their own cards; however, they didn't guess their cards, they read the information on their own cards to the other groups to guess, as in the normal game.
- It is interesting an interdisciplinary approach with a biology teacher for greater accuracy in choosing animal information.







>>>> LINKS



Amazon Riddleforest's Canva





Bonus activity 1: Museums of Belém



Raissa Pamplona, Evelyn Pimentel and Maria Eduarda Moreno

(EM13LGG403) Fazer uso do inglês como língua de comunicação global, levando em conta a multiplicidade e variedade de usos, usuários e funções dessa língua no mundo contemporâneo.

>>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS



Target Public: High school students Age: 16-18 years old.

BNCC

Materials: Colored pencils, markers, cards of the museums with their descriptions (optional) and slides (optional)



ESTIMATED DURATION

1 class of 50 minutes.



PROCEDURES

1st step

Start the class by engaging the students with questions like "Have you ever been to a museum in Belém?"



2nd step

Then, introduce the museums in Belém and highlight the key differences between them, possibly including the topic of address formats and opening hours.

3rd step

After this moment, it would be interesting to present some vocabulary related to museums (e.g., paintings, sculptures, tour guide, etc.). Then, the class can have a short time to discuss the museums in the city of Belém.









SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- To practice the new vocabulary, divide the students into pairs, assigning a museum to each pair. They will be responsible for creating a role-play based on the illustrated model.
- Optional activity: Memory game

1. Divide the class into 3 or more groups. 2. Each group takes turns flipping two cards to find matches. 3. If a match is found, the group keeps the pair; if not, they turn them back. 4. The game continues until all pairs are found, and the group with the most pairs wins. 5. Wrap up by reviewing the vocabulary used. Have fun!

SUGGESTED ROLE-PLAY





SUGGESTED SLIDE TEMPLATE



160 Nossa Senhora de Nazaré Avenue - Nazaré, Belém - PA Opening hours: Tuesday to Sunday, 9 am to 5 pm. Closed on Mondays!

Frei Brandão Square - Cidade Velha, Belém - PA Opening hours: Tuesday to Sunday, 9 am to 5 pm. Closed on Mondaus!









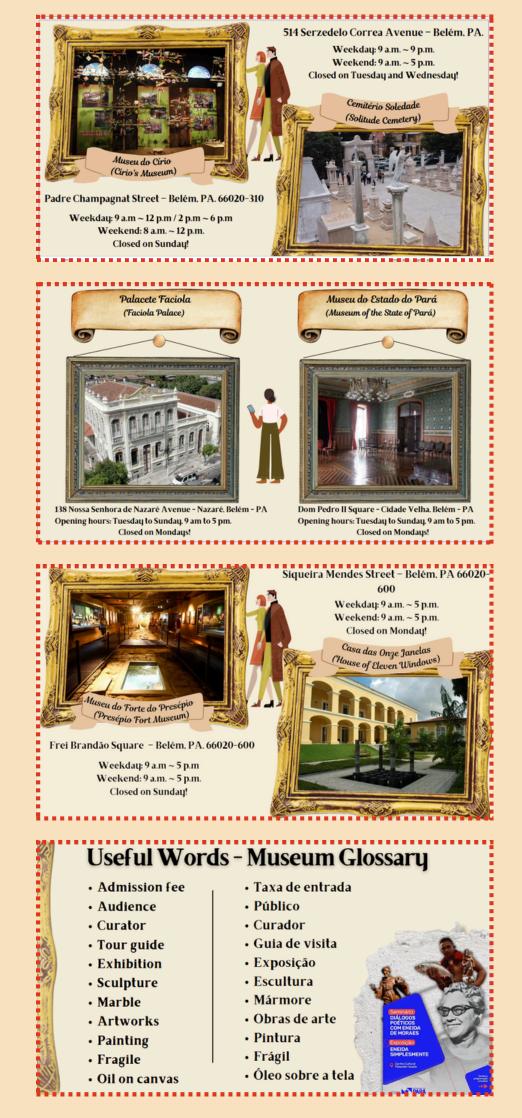






















Bonus activity 2: Halloween Boardgame

Bruna Oliveira, Camille Duarte, Lanna Emanuelle, Giulya Desire and Eri Teixeira

BNCC (EF08LI18) Construir repertório cultural por meio do contato com manifestações artístico-culturais vinculadas à língua inglesa (artes plásticas e visuais, literatura, música, cinema, dança, festividades, entre outros), valorizando a diversidade entre culturas.

>>> TARGET PUBLIC AND MATERIALS



Target Public: 8th/9th grade Students. Age: 13-15 years old.

ESTIMATED DURATION

Materials:

Boardgame, cards, dices

Constant of the second s

1st step

2 classes of 50 minutes

PROCEDURES

The teacher starts talking to the students considering what they know about Halloween to introduce and contextualize the lesson based on their knowledge.



2nd step

Then, teacher presents the origin of Halloween and its characteristics, in parallel with Brazilian folklore legends and "lendas urbanas" we have here. After that, the students will be introduced to some symbols and words related to Halloween to practice vocabulary.



3rd step

The students will be divided in 4 or 5 groups with 5 or 6 students where they will play a boardgame about what they learned in this class.



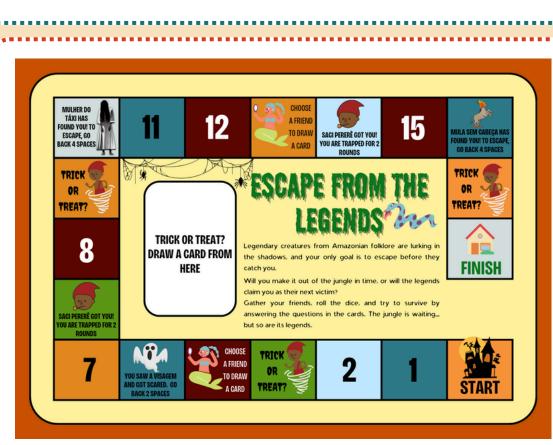


HOW TO PLAY:

1 – First of all, the teacher should ask for each participant to choose different items to represent their board pieces. Any tiny item is enough, including pen caps, erasers, paper balls, etc.

2 - Secondly, each player should roll the dice and move their pieces according to the number received. The player will follow the board's instruction, which could be return a little, draw a trick or treat card to read, give a card to other player, or stay in the same place for two turns.

3 - The last part are the cards, the person who draws a card should answer the question. The player will stay in the same place and return one frame if they give a wrong answer. The player always receives a card after falling in a "trick or treat" frame.



You can find the board in the section "attachments" (p.33) or the link for it in the next page.

Scroll down to find the link for the cards!



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CARDS:







Bonus activity 2: Halloween Boardgame

SUGGESTIONS AND COMMENTS

- If the teacher has no dice or has an insufficient number of them, they can print out some from the internet, or use a **<u>virtual dice.</u>**
- If the class is small, the teacher can print out a single game in a larger size and work with just one group, saving resources and making it easier to control the game.

IINKS



de Belém!

mean? (O

"Samhain" sig

a) A type of

b) A Celtic fe end of harves que marca o f

c) A famou (Uma cas famosa)

de fantasia)

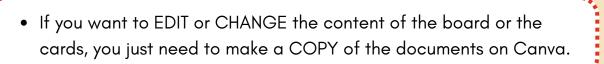
<u>Article about the book</u> <u>Visagens e Assombrações</u>

What does the word "Samhain"





<u>Click here to</u> <u>access the</u> <u>CARDS.</u>















ATTACHMENTS

Activity 1: Art Through Amazon Eyes -Example of artwork label

Artist's name (student)

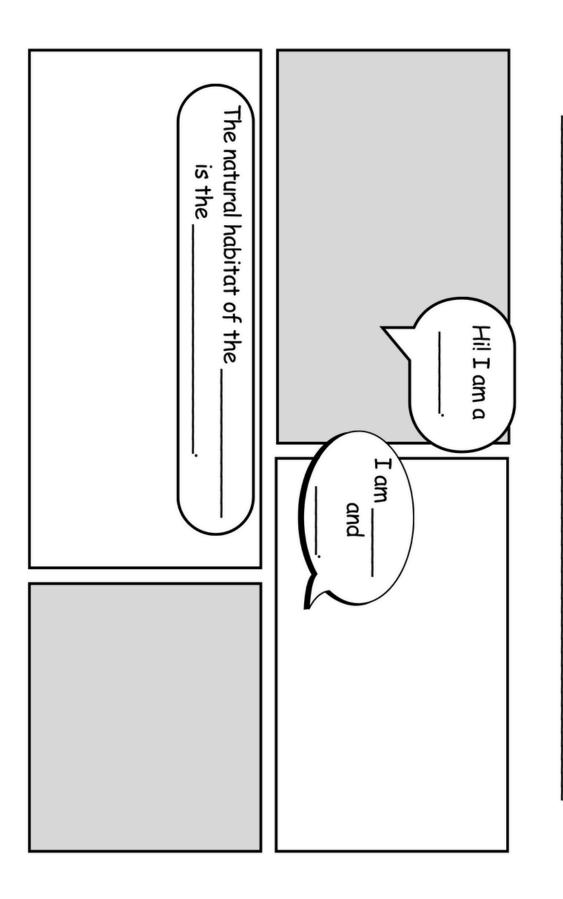
Title of the artwork

A short description (2-3 sentences) about what the artwork represents.

Date and location of creation.

Activity 2: Amazon Animal Adventurues – Comic strip blank template

Activity 2: Amazon Animal Adventurues – Comic strip pre-defined template



ATTACHMENTS

Activity 2: Amazon Animal Adventurues – Amazon animal cards



Activity 5: Make Your Own Urban Legend

	◆ Name:
 Where to find? 	Characteristics

ATTACHMENTS

Activity 8: Amazon Riddleforest's rules

Introduction

You need to recruit Amazonian wildlife to fight against deforestation, poachers, and human greed. To recruit the animals, you must guess who they are through riddles. The Winner is the one who has recruited the most animals by the end of the rounds.

5th step: the game ends

this repeats until the set number of cards is over. the game ends when all cards were won

1st step: Forming groups

To start, select the amounts of cards the game will have then please ask students to form groups for the game. Aim for 2 to 6 groups to ensure everyone can fully participate.

4th step: a turn

If no group guesses correctly based on the previous number, the next group clockwise chooses the next number to be read. This continues until the riddle is solved. (If no one guesses correctly even after all numbers are read, give extra clues.)

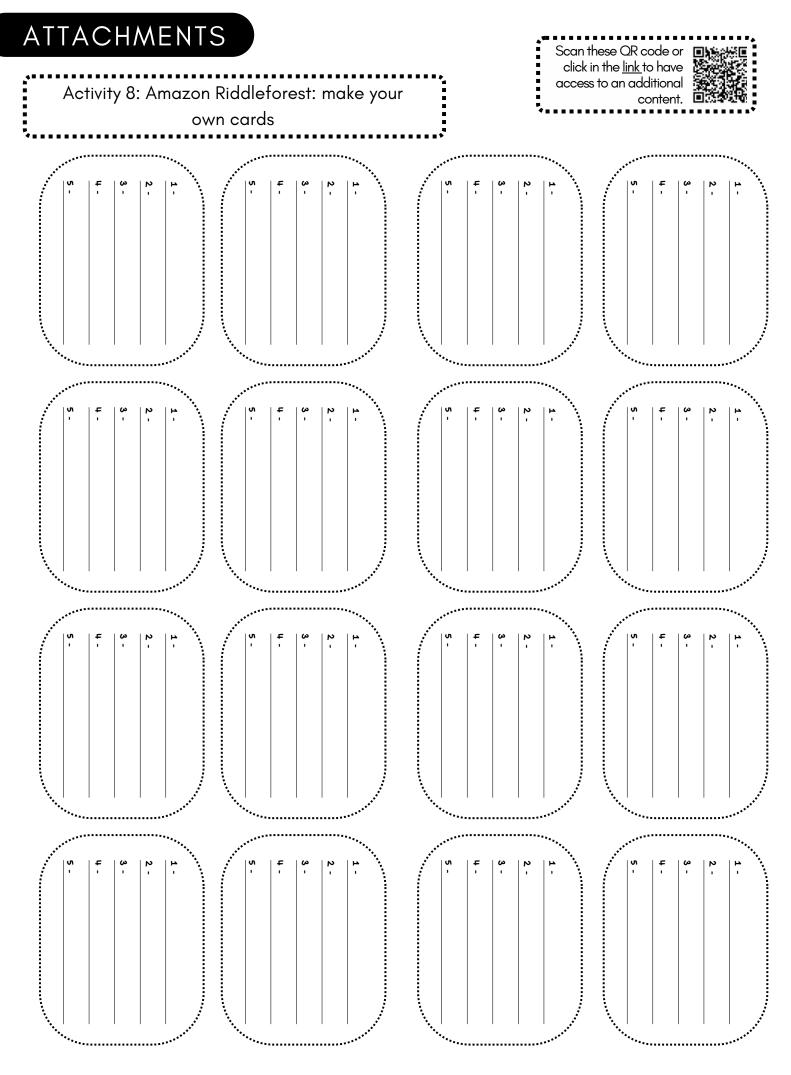
1

2nd step: Who starts?

Ask, 'What color is the Boto?' The group that answers correctly the fastest will be the first to guess. The next group to guess will be decided in clockwise direction. 3rd step: the game begins

Pick a card and ask the first group to choose a number. Read the information for that number, then give the first group time to guess. If they guess correctly, the card goes to that group.





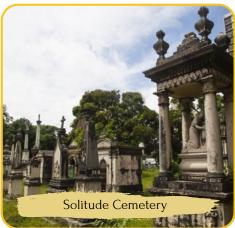
ATTACHMENTS

Bonus activity 1: Museums of Belém

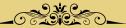


Rice's Museum





An important place for organizing and keeping safe all the visual material, such as CDs, cassette tapes, vinyl records, machinery used by broadcasters, and some old film posters from Belém.



Founded in 1986 and has Catholic objects, this place is responsible for the references of the Biggest religious festival in Belém, and has Miriti objects, mantle, plaster pieces, and images of the saint.

This museum was founded in 1988 and is located in a church with baroque art, angels and other images of saints and Jesus, constructed by the indigenous people of Pará, who carved the wood and produced the images.

Founded in 1850 in the neighborhood of Batista Campos due to epidemics in the 19th century. In 2023, it was transformed into an urban park and a museumcultural space.





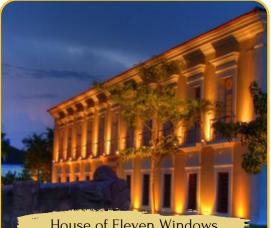


A historic mansion located on Nazaré Avenue, built in 1901 in the context of the Belle Époque era, houses the Department of Historical, Artistic, and Cultural Heritage (DPHAC) and the Museum of Image and Sound of the State (MIS).



It is a Brazilian government created museum in 1981, currently situated in the Lauro Sodré Palace in the Cidade Velha neighborhood. It hosts various exhibitions of contemporary artists.





House of Eleven Windows



collection highlights Its the culture from material the historical site itself and its surroundings, as well as artifacts photographs and of some contemporary indigenous groups.



Space dedicated to Brazilian contemporary art for the North and Northeast regions. Located next to the Presépio Fort, it is housed in an 18thcentury building

ATTACHMENTS

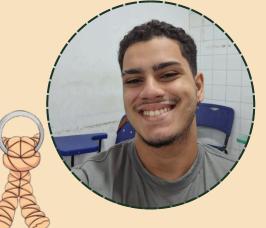




Sobre Mós

Discentes do curso de Letras - Língua Inglesa da Universidade do Estado do Pará (UEPA)





Victor Freitas Pinto

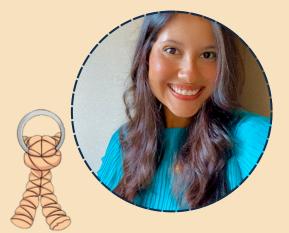
Biografia: Ministra aula em um curso particular de inglês. Louco pelo Corinthians, fã de Séries (The office, Friends), System of a Down e literatura.

Susane Pinheiro

Biografia: Ministrou aulas para a escola pública, Usina da Paz e cursos privados. Vê em Paulo Freire e em bell hooks exemplos de educadores. Fã de MPB, açaí com farinha e literatura.







Talita Lopes

Biografia: Apaixonada pelo Pará e pela Língua Inglesa. Acredita que através da educação e da afetividade, a sociedade pode ser mudada. Torcedora do Paysandu e fã de futebol.





Romeo Paixão

Biografia: Amante de Board/Card games e caminhadas ao ar livre. Entusiasta da docência com uma abordagem lúdica.









Matheus Magno

Biografia: Pai de pet, entusiasta de MPB. Acredita que a educação por meio da amorosidade e inclusão transforma vidas.







Walquiria Silva

Biografia: Amante da literatura, música punk rock, jogos RPG de mundo aberto e mãe de pet.











Yasmin Marques Rayol Neves

Biografia: Fascinada por música e por cantar. Mãe de Pet.







Carlos Daniel Teixeira

Biografia: Gosta de ouvir músicas pop e MPB. Ama o Arraial da Pavulagem e gosta de ler, assistir séries animadas, animes e filmes de terror.





Mateus Soares

Biografia: Amante filmes, de principalmente do gênero de drama e terror, coleciono livros e jogos.











Fabricio Costa

Biografia: Amante de música, filmes, jogos, fotografia e poemas











Adrielly Ferreira

Biografia: Natural de Barcarena, voleifã, amante de fotografia, maior fã da banda The Lumineers do estado do Pará







Eri Rodrigues

Biografia: Artista independente e fã de contos e lendas do folclore brasileiros.











Camille Duarte da Conceição

Biografia: Ama livros, scrapbooks e Bungou Stray Dogs. Neurodiva.





Lanna Bezerra

Biografia: Possui o gosto musical mais eclético que você já viu, aficionada por toda arte que envolva o audiovisual e fã número 1 de gatinhos.







Bruna Oliveira

Biografia: Consumidora ávida de ficção científica e ouve The Magnus Archives no ônibus nas horas vagas.











Evelyn Pimentel

Biografia: Sagitariana, fã nº1 de Coca-cola e piadista.







Maria Eduarda Moreno

Biografia: Amante de música com um grande interesse por crimes reais. Ouve música 24 horas por dia.

















Docentes - membros do GEPLIPA





Profa. Especialista Raíssa Pamplona Colaboradora do projeto



Profa. Ma. Silvia Barreto Supervisora do projeto







Profa. Dra. Erika Castro Coordenadora do projeto e líder do GEPLIPA/UEPA/CNPq





Prof. Me. Wellington Ruan Supervisor do projeto



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4

O projeto "Boca de Lobo - E-book de atividades de Língua Inglesa" é um material interdisciplinar, com base na Linguística Aplicada Crítica, que prioriza a representatividade paraense, adotando a decolonialidade como possibilidade de ressignificação de nossa docência, no sentido de refletir e agir a partir do local para o global, emergindo de sessões reflexivas com estagiários do Curso de Licenciatura em Língua Inglesa da Universidade do Estado do Pará - UEPA, em uma parceria profícua entre docentes e discentes membros do Grupo de Estudos de Professores de Línguas do Pará (GEPLIPA/UEPA/CNPq).

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